d. Any other income, which is nontaxable under the Internal Revenue Code. However, income, which is not taxable because of an income tax treaty must be reported on a U.S. income tax return even though no income tax is due on the U.S. income tax return.

This lesson deals with taxation of **nonresident** aliens only. If an international student or scholar is a **resident** alien, and your site does not prepare returns for resident aliens, you should direct the student or scholar to a conventional VITA site.

You must first determine the source of each kind of income. That is necessary because **the U.S. does not tax nonresident aliens' foreign-source income**. Table 1 summarizes how to determine the source of each kind of income.

Table 1: Types and Sources of Income

Source is

Income type determined by

Dividends Where payer is incorporated Interest Payer's place of residence

Pension payments attributable to:

Contributions (employer Where the services were per-

or employee, pretax) formed

Earnings of domestic The U.S. is the source

(U.S.) trusts

Rents Where property is located Royalties from natural Where property is located

resources

Royalties from patents, Where property is used

copyrights, etc.

Salaries, wages, and other Where services are performed

compensation for personal

services

Sale of inventory that was Where the inventory is sold

purchased (where title passes)

Sale of personal property Tax home of seller (except inventory)

Sale of real property Where the property is located

Scholarships and fellow- Residence of grantor

ships